English	Chinese complex
What to expect after your COVID-19 vaccination	接種後預期會發生的情況
Information for people who have just had a COVID-19 vaccination	給剛接種冠狀病毒疫苗者的信息
Find out more at <u>www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine</u>	有關更多信息,請訪問 <u>www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine</u>
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Please read the product information leaflet for more details on your vaccine, including possible side effects, by searching Coronavirus Yellow Card.	請閱讀產品信息手冊以獲取有關疫苗 的更多詳細信息,包括通過搜索冠狀 病毒黃卡(Coronavirus Yellow Card)查看可能的副作用
You can also report suspected side effects on the same website or by downloading the Yellow Card app.	您也可以在同一網站上或通過下載黃 卡應用程序(app)報告可疑的副作 用。
https://coronavirus- yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk	https://coronavirus- yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk

People who are most at risk from the complications of coronavirus (COVID-19) are being offered the COVID-19 vaccination. This leaflet tells you what to expect after you have had your primary or booster vaccination.	最容易受到得冠狀病毒並發症威脅的 人群正得到疫苗接種的機會。此傳單 告訴您接種疫苗後應預期什麼。
What are the side effects?	有什麼副作用?
Like all medicines, vaccines can cause side effects. Most of these are mild and short-term, and not everyone gets them. The very common side effects are the same and should still only last a day or two.	像所有藥物一樣,疫苗也可能會引起 副作用。 其中大多數並不嚴重且短 期的,並非所有人都會有副作用。 非常常見的副作用是相同的,並且應 該只持續一兩天。
Very common side effects in the first day or two include:	在第一到兩天中非常常見的副作用包 括:
 having a painful, heavy feeling and tenderness in the arm where you had your injection 	 注射部位的手臂有疼痛,沉重 的感覺和壓痛
feeling tired	● 感覺累
headache, aches and chills	● 頭痛,疼痛和發冷
You may also have flu like symptoms with episodes of shivering and shaking for a day or two. However, a high temperature* could also indicate that you have COVID-19 or another infection. You can rest and take the normal dose of paracetamol (follow the	您可能還會出現類似流感的症狀,有 陣發性的顫抖和發抖一兩天。然而, 發高燒*也可能表明你感染了冠狀病 毒或另一種感染。您可以休息並服用 正常劑量的撲熱息痛(paracetamol) (按照包裝上的建議),以使您感覺 好些。

advice in the packaging) to help make you feel better. *If you are on chemotherapy and have a high temperature, contact	*如果您正在接受化療並且發高燒, 請聯繫您當地的癌症護理部門。
your local cancer care unit. An uncommon side effect is swollen glands in the armpit or neck on the same side as the arm where you had the vaccine. This can last for around 10 days, but if it lasts longer see your doctor. If you are due for a mammogram in the few weeks after the vaccine, then you should mention that when you attend.	一個罕見的副作用是與接種疫苗的手 臂同一側的腋下或頸部的腺體腫脹。 這可能會持續10天左右,但是如果持 續時間更長,請去看醫生。如果您 在接種疫苗後的幾週內要進行乳房X 光檢查,則在參加預約時應提及這一 點。
What should I do if I am concerned about my symptoms?	如果我擔心自己的症狀該怎麼辦?
These symptoms normally last less than a week. If your symptoms seem to get worse or if you are concerned, call your GP or Out of Hours service. If you do seek advice from a doctor or nurse, make sure you tell them about your vaccination (show them the vaccination card – keep your card safe) so that they can assess you properly. You can also report suspected side effects of vaccines and medicines through the Yellow Card scheme. You can do this online by searching Coronavirus Yellow Card or by downloading the Yellow Card app.	這些症狀通常持續不到一周。 如果 您的症狀似乎惡化,或者您感到擔 憂,可以致電您的全科醫生或非工作 時間的服務。如果您確實尋求醫生或 護士的建議,請確保告訴他們您的疫 苗接種情況(向他們出示疫苗接種卡- -保管好您的卡),以便他們可以正確 地評估您。 您還可以通過黃卡計劃 (the Yellow Card scheme)報告可 疑的疫苗和藥物副作用。 您可以通過 搜索冠狀病毒黃卡或下載黃卡應用程 序在線進行此操作。

<u>https://coronavirus-</u> <u>yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk</u>	https://coronavirus- yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk
Are there other more serious side effects?	還有其他更嚴重的副作用嗎?
There have been reports of an extremely rare condition involving blood clots and unusual bleeding after the AstraZeneca and Janssen vaccines. Because of the high risk of complications and death from COVID-19, the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA), the World Health Organisation and the European Medicines Agency have concluded that the balance is very much in favour of vaccination.	有報導稱接種阿斯利康(AZ)及楊森 (Janssen)疫苗後出現極少見的症 狀,包括血塊和異常出血。由於得 到冠狀病毒後的並發症和死亡的風險 很高,因此,藥品和保健品監管機構 (MHRA),世界衛生組織和歐洲藥 品管理局,得出的結論是,權衡得失 後接種疫苗比較有利。
If you experience any of the following from more than 4 days	如果您在接種疫苗後有超過4天的以 下情況和28天內遇到以下任何一種情
and within 28 days after vaccination you should seek	況,則應立即向您的全科醫生或急診
medical advice urgently from your GP or Emergency	科尋求醫療建議。
 Department. a new, severe headache which is not helped by usual painkillers or is getting worse 	 一種新發生的嚴重頭痛,通常 的止痛藥無濟於事,甚至變得 更糟
 a new, severe headache which is not helped by usual 	的止痛藥無濟於事,甚至變得

 difficulty with your 	- 講話困難,
speech	
 weakness, drowsiness or seizures 	- 虚弱, 嗜睡或癲癇發作
 new, unexplained pinprick bruising or bleeding 	 新的,原因不明的針點狀瘀傷 或出血
 shortness of breath, chest pain, leg swelling or persistent abdominal pain 	 呼吸急促,胸痛,腿腫脹或持 續的腹痛
Worldwide, rare cases of inflammation of the heart called myocarditis or pericarditis have been reported after Pfizer and Moderna COVID-19 vaccines.	最近,有報告在接種輝瑞或莫德納冠 狀病毒疫苗後出現罕見的心臟炎症病 例(稱為心肌炎或心包炎)。
These cases have been seen mostly in younger men within several days after vaccination. Most of these people recovered and felt better following rest and simple treatments.	這些病例主要發生於接種疫苗後幾天 內的較年輕男性。這些人中的大多數 人在休息和簡單治療後恢復且感覺好 轉。
You should seek medical advice urgently if you experience:	如果您遇到以下情況,應立即尋求醫 療建議:
chest pain	● 胸痛
 shortness of breath 	● 呼吸急促
 feelings of having a fast- beating, fluttering, or pounding heart 	 感覺心跳節奏快、心顫動或心 臟狂跳
Can I catch COVID-19 from the vaccines?	我會從疫苗中感染冠狀病毒嗎?
You cannot catch COVID-19 from the vaccine but it is possible to have caught COVID-19 and not realise you have the symptoms	您不能從疫苗中感染冠狀病毒,但是 有可能您之前已經感染了冠狀病毒,

until after your vaccination appointment.	直到您接種了疫苗後才意識到自己有 症狀。
Although a fever can occur within a day or two of vaccination, if you have any other COVID-19 symptoms or your fever lasts longer, stay at home and arrange to have a test. When can I go back to daily activities? You should be able to resume activities that are normal for you	儘管在接種疫苗後一兩天內會發燒, 但是如果您有其他任何冠狀病毒症狀 或發燒持續時間更長,請留在家里和 安排檢查。 我什麼時候可以重返日常活動? 只要您感覺良好,就應該能夠恢復對
as long as you feel well. If your arm is particularly sore, you may find heavy lifting difficult. If you feel unwell or very tired you should rest and avoid operating machinery or driving. Will the vaccine protect me?	您來說是正常的活動。如果您的手 臂特別酸痛,則可能會感到舉重困 難。如果您感到不適或非常疲倦, 則應休息,並避免操作機器或駕駛。 疫苗能保護我嗎?
The COVID-19 vaccines that you have had have been shown to reduce the chance of you suffering from COVID-19 disease.	及由能保護我場: 已證明您所使用的冠狀病毒疫苗可以 減少您患冠狀病毒疾病的機會。
It may take a few weeks from the first dose for your body to build up protection. Your body should respond more quickly (after a few days) after any additional doses. Like all medicines, no vaccine is completely effective, so you should continue to take recommended precautions to	您的身體可能需要幾週的時間才能建 立起由疫苗得到的保護。 接種任何 額外劑量後,您的身體應該會更快 (幾天后)做出反應。與所有藥物一 樣,沒有疫苗是完全有效的,因此您 應繼續採取建議的預防措施,以避免 感染。 儘管接種了疫苗,有些人仍 可能會感染冠狀病毒,但這應該不那

a vaccination, but this should be less severe. What can I do after I have had the vaccine? The vaccine cannot give you COVID-19 infection, and a full course will reduce your chance of becoming seriously ill. It will help to reduce the risk of you passing on the virus. So it is important to continue to follow current national guidance.	接種疫苗後可以做什麼? 疫苗不會您帶來冠狀病毒的感染,並 且整個療程將減少您患重病的機會。 我們不知道它將在多大程度上降低您 傳播該病毒的風險。 因此,重要的 是要繼續遵循當前的國家指導。
To protect yourself and your family, friends and colleagues you must still:	為了保護自己和家人,朋友和同事, 您仍然必須:
 wear a face covering where advised 	 在建議的時候戴面罩
practise social distancing	• 實行社交距離
 wash your hands carefully and frequently 	● 仔細並經常洗手
 open windows to let fresh air in 	 打開窗戶讓新鮮空氣進入
 follow the current guidance at <u>www.gov.uk/coronavirus</u> 	 遵循<u>www.gov.uk/coronavirus</u> 上的最新指南
Vaccination, helping to protect those most vulnerable.	接種疫苗,有助於保護最脆弱的人 群。
If you need more information on the COVID-19 vaccination please visit: <u>www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-</u> <u>vaccine</u>	如果您需要有關冠狀病毒疫苗接種的 更多信息,請訪問: <u>www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine</u>

Information correct at time of publication. For the latest version of this leaflet and alternative formats visit the PHA website <u>www.publichealth.hscni.net</u>	出版時信息正確。 有關此傳單的最新版本和其他格式,請訪問公共衛生署網站 www.publichealth.hscni.net
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